WEST Search History

DATE: Wednesday, January 17, 2003

| Set Name side by side | Query | Hit Count | Set Name result set |
|-----------------------|--|-----------|------------------------|
| DB = USP | $T,PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI;\ PLUR=NO;\ OP=OR$ | | |
| L19 | L18 and immunis\$4 | 3 | L19 |
| L18 | L17 and library | 170 | L18 |
| L17 | heavy adj chain adj immunoglobulin | 289 | L17 |
| L16 | L14 and vhh | 1 | L16 |
| L15 | L14 and immunis\$5 | 1 | L15 |
| L14 | L13 and (light adj chain) | 186 | L14 |
| L13 | L12 and camel\$5 | 187 | L13 |
| L12 | (expression near2 library) and 11 | 387 | L12 |
| L11 | L10 and camel\$5 | 211 | L11 |
| L10 | L8 and (light adj chain) | 211 | L10 |
| L9 | L8 and immunised | 3 | L9 |
| L8 | L7 and camel\$5 | 212 | L8 |
| L7 | 11 and library | 1027 | L7 |
| L6 | 11 and camel? | 11 | L6 |
| L5 | L4 and library | 43 | L5 |
| L4 | cameli\$5 and (immunoglobulin or antibody) | 80 | L4` |
| L3 | cameli\$5 and (immunoglobulin or antibody) | 80 | L3 |
| L2 | L1 and camelid | 13 | L2 |
| L1 | heavy adj3 immunoglobulin | 1419 | L1 |
| | | | |

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

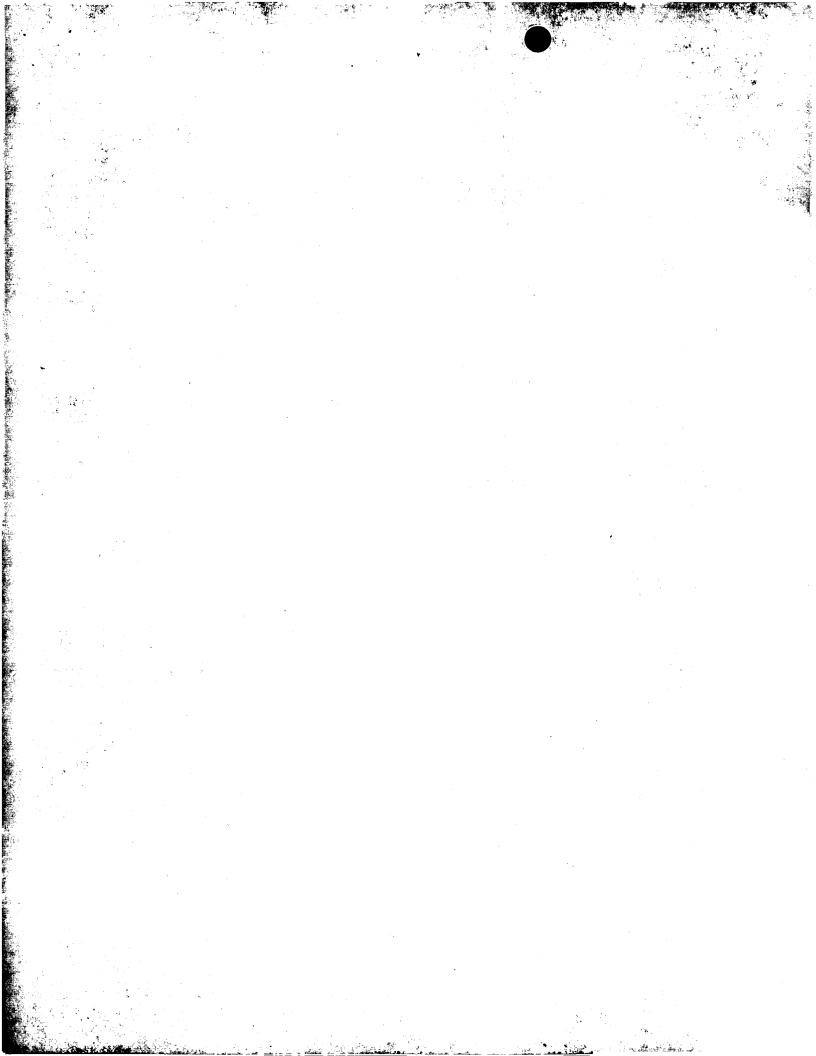
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:48:41 ON 22 JAN 2003)

2 S L9 AND REPERTOIRE

L10

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:48:57 ON 22 JAN 2003 193 S HEAVY CHAIN IMMUNOGLOBULIN# L15 S CAMEL? AND L1 L2FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:50:40 ON 22 JAN 2003 FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:51:23 ON 22 JAN 2003 28 S (EXPRESSION LIBRARY) AND REPERTOIRE L3752 S LIBRARY AND REPERTOIRE L4L5 170 S L4 AND (HEAVY CHAIN) L6 147 S L5 AND IMMUNOGLOBULIN# L7 6 S L6 AND CAMEL? FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:57:16 ON 22 JAN 2003 FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:01:11 ON 22 JAN 2003 L82 S (EXPRESSION LIBRARY) AND REPERTOIRE AND (HEAVY CHAIN) E FRENKEN LEON/AU L9 32 S E1-E7

```
ANSWER 4 OF 5
                       MEDLINE
L2
ΔN
     95132591
                  MEDLINE
                PubMed ID: 7831284
DN
     95132591
TТ
     Sequence and structure of VH domain from naturally occurring camel
     heavy chain immunoglobulins lacking light
     Muyldermans S; Atarhouch T; Saldanha J; Barbosa J A; Hamers R
AU
CS
     Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Instituut voor Moleculaire Biologie, Sint
     Genesius Rode, Belgium.
     PROTEIN ENGINEERING, (1994 Sep) 7 (9) 1129-35.
SO
     Journal code: 8801484. ISSN: 0269-2139.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
EM
     199502
ED
     Entered STN: 19950307
     Last Updated on STN: 19950307
     Entered Medline: 19950217
AB
     We cloned 17 different PCR fragments encoding VH genes of camel
     (Camelus dromedarius). These clones were derived from the
     camel heavy chain immunoglobulins
     lacking the light chain counterpart of normal immunoglobulins. Insight
     into the camel VH sequences and structure may help the
     development of single domain antibodies. The most remarkable difference in
     the camel VH, consistent with the absence of the VL interaction,
     is the substitution of the conserved Leu45 by an Arg or Cys. Another
     noteworthy substitution is the Leull to Ser. This amino acid normally
     interacts with the CH1 domain, a domain missing in the camel
     heavy chain immunoglobulins. The nature of
     these substitutions agrees with the increased solubility behavior of an
     isolated camel VH domain. The VH domains of the camels
     are also characterized by a long CDR3, possibly compensating for the
     absence of the VL contacts with the antigen. The CDR3 lacks the salt
     bridge between Arg94 and Asp101. However, the frequent occurrence of
     additional Cys residues in both the CDR1 and CDR3 might lead to the
     formation of a second internal disulfide bridge, thereby stabilizing the
     CDR structure as in the DAW antibody. Within CDRs of the camel
     VH domains we observe a broad size distribution and a different amino acid
     pattern compared with the mouse or human VH. Therefore the camel
     hypervariable regions might adopt structures which differ substantially
     from the known canonical structures, thereby increasing the repertoire of
     the camel antigen binding sites within a VH.
CT
     Check Tags: Animal; Comparative Study; Human; Support, Non-U.S. Gov't
     Amino Acid Sequence
     Binding Sites: GE, genetics
       *Camels: GE, genetics
       *Camels: IM, immunology
      Cloning, Molecular
      Genes, Immunoglobulin
      Immunoglobulin Variable Region: CH, chemistry
     *Immunoglobulin Variable Region: GE, genetics
      Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain: CH, chemistry
     *Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain: GE, genetics
      Mice
     Molecular Sequence Data
     Molecular Structure
      Polymerase Chain Reaction
      Protein Conformation
      Protein Engineering
      Sequence Homology, Amino Acid
      Species Specificity
CN
     0 (Immunoglobulin Variable Region); 0 (Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain)
```



```
L7
     ANSWER 3 OF 6
                       MEDLINE
AN
     97462800
                  MEDLINE
DN
     97462800
                PubMed ID: 9323027
     Selection and identification of single domain antibody fragments from
TI
     camel heavy-chain antibodies.
ΑU
     Arbabi Ghahroudi M; Desmyter A; Wyns L; Hamers R; Muyldermans S
CS
     Vlaams Interuniversitair Instituut voor Biotechnologie, Vrije Universiteit
     Brussel, Sint Genesius Rode, Belgium.
so
     FEBS LETTERS, (1997 Sep 15) 414 (3) 521-6.
     Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.
CY
     Netherlands
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
EΜ
     199710
ED
     Entered STN: 19971224
     Last Updated on STN: 19971224
     Entered Medline: 19971027
AB
     Functional heavy-chain gamma-immunoglobulins
     lacking light chains occur naturally in Camelidae. We now show
     the feasibility of immunising a dromedary, cloning the repertoire
     of the variable domains of its heavy-chain antibodies
     and panning, leading to the successful identification of minimum sized
     antigen binders. The recombinant binders are expressed well in E. coli,
     extremely stable, highly soluble, and react specifically and with high
     affinity to the antigens. This approach can be viewed as a general route
     to obtain small binders with favourable characteristics and valuable
     perspectives as modular building blocks to manufacture multispecific or
     multifunctional chimaeric proteins.
     Check Tags: Animal; Support, Non-U.S. Gov't
      Amino Acid Sequence
     *Antibodies: GE, genetics
      Antibody Affinity
      Antibody Specificity
      Bacteriophages: GE, genetics
      Binding Sites, Antibody
       *Camels: IM, immunology
      Cloning, Molecular
      Epitope Mapping
        Gene Library
       *Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain: GE, genetics
       *Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain: IM, immunology
        Immunoglobulins, Heavy-Chain: ME, metabolism
      Molecular Sequence Data
      Polymerase Chain Reaction
      Recombinant Proteins: GE, genetics
      Recombinant Proteins: IM, immunology
      Recombinant Proteins: ME, metabolism
     0 (Antibodies); 0 (Binding Sites, Antibody); 0 (Immunoglobulins,
     Heavy-Chain); 0 (Recombinant Proteins)
L7
     ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1998:94336 CAPLUS
DN
     128:242743
ΤI
     The specific variable domain of camel heavy-
     chain antibodies is encoded in the germline
ΑU
     Nguyen, Viet Khong; Muyldermans, Serge; Hamers, Raymond
     Department Ultrastructure, Interuniversitair Instituut voor
     Biotechnologie, Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Sint Genesius Rode, B-1640,
SO
     Journal of Molecular Biology (1998), 275(3), 413-418
     CODEN: JMOBAK; ISSN: 0022-2836
PB
     Academic Press Ltd.
```

```
Journal
     English
LA
CC
     15-3 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 3
AΒ
     The variable domains of the functional heavy-chain
     antibodies (VHs) discovered in camels are related to the human
     VH subgroup III. They are nevertheless clearly distinguishable from the
     VHs of conventional four-chain Iqs by the presence of important amino acid
     substitutions, located in the solvent-exposed surface normally covered by
     the variable domain of the light chain. The anal. of an unrearranged
     dromedary DNA library revealed that the specific VHH gene with
     its characteristic amino acid substitutions is encoded in the germline.
     Therefore, it is concluded that the VHHs do not arise through an ontogenic
     process of somatic hypermutation. The presence of putative DNA
     recombination signals that are more prevalent in the camel VHH,
     compared to the VH germline gene, might play a role in the formation and
     efficient expansion of the VHH repertoire.
ST
     variable gene heavy chain antibody camel; Ig
     heavy chain variable sequence camel
     Genetic element
TТ
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (RSS (recombination signal sequence); of variable region genes for
        heavy-chain antibodies of camel)
     Leader peptides
TT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (for Ig heavy chain of camel)
TΤ
     Antibodies
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (heavy chain; variable domain of camel
        heavy-chain antibodies is encoded in germline)
TΤ
     Immunoglobulins
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (heavy chains; variable domain of camel heavy-
        chain antibodies is encoded in germline)
IT
     Protein sequences
        (of heavy-chain antibody variable domain of
        camel)
IT
     DNA sequences
        (of variable region genes for heavy-chain
        antibodies of came1)
     Promoter (genetic element)
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (of variable region genes for heavy-chain
        antibodies of camel)
ΤT
     Antibody diversity
       Camel (Camelus dromedarius)
     V(D)J recombination
        (variable domain of camel heavy-chain
        antibodies is encoded in germline)
TT
     Gene, animal
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (variable domain of camel heavy-chain
        antibodies is encoded in germline)
     204870-18-8, GenBank AF000603
                                     204870-19-9, GenBank AF000604
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (nucleotide sequence; variable domain of camel heavy
        -chain antibodies is encoded in germline)
```

```
ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L8
AN
     2000:513796 CAPLUS
DN
     133:130765
TI
     Construction of a camelid Ig heavy chain variable
     region expression library for production of antibody
     Frenken, Leon Gerardus Joseph; Van der Logt, Cornelis Paul Eric
IN
     Unilever Plc, UK; Unilever Nv; Hindustan Lever Limited
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                                           -----
     WO 2000043507 A1 20000727 WO 2000-EP296 20000113
PΙ
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
             CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
             MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
             SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                      A1 20011017 EP 2000-901571 20000113
     EP 1144616
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                            US 2000-487253
     US 6399763
                            20020604
                                                              20000119
                      B1
PRAI EP 1999-300351
                             19990119
                       Α
     WO 2000-EP296
                       W
                             20000113
RE.CNT 7
              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L8
     1999:487325 CAPLUS
AN
     131:115301
DN
TI
     Expression libraries of heavy chain antibodies
     Frenken, Leo Gerardus Joseph; Van der Logt, Cornelis Paul Erik
IN
     Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.; Hindustan Lever Limited
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English -
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
     -----
                                            ______
                                                            19990125
                                           WO 1999-EP481
ΡI
     WO 9937681
                       A2
                            19990729
     WO 9937681
                       A3
                            19991014
             AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
             TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         AU 1999-35965
     AU 9935965
                      A1
                            19990809
                                                              19990125
     BR 9907241
                             20001017
                                           BR 1999-7241
                                                              19990125
                                          EP 1999-917814 19990125
     EP 1051493
                       A2
                            20001115
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
PRAI EP 1998-300525
                      Α
                            19980126
```